

Mathematical Model to Predict Variation Effect of Water Cements Ratios and Concrete Porosity on Tensile Strength of Concrete

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ABSTRACT

Tensile strength of concrete was monitor to determine the influence from different established concrete properties that influence the rapid increase in tensile, base on concrete designed models. The study monitor tensile growth rates based on the increase of concrete compressive strength due to its tensile strength that is proportional to square root of compressive strength, tensile strength ratios experienced decrease with increase in porosity, tensile strength of concrete determine the maximum amount of tensile stress that concrete can take before it can experience failure, the behaviour of the material were observed on water cement ratios, because it lead to an increase in strength of concrete that establish a given workability, through an increase in cement content that results to an increase in cement mortar. The study expressed these parameters influences as tensile strength of concrete are affected by numerous factors applied to determine the variation of the tensile materials. The variation monitored such as different grades of aggregate, age of concrete, compaction of concrete, temperature, relative humidity and concrete curing were applied in the simulation, there variation influence were observed in the study, there rates of effect were carried out through derived modeling and simulation, the variations' of these parameters known as concrete properties were all monitored, there various effects were examined, the predictive values were subjected to validation, and both parameters developed best fits correlation, the study is imperatives because the application of simulation has generated various levels of effects on these concrete properties that determine tensile strength of concrete, experts in the concrete engineering will definitely find these concept useful in determining the effects of concrete properties such variation effects of concrete porosities and water cement ratios in tensile strength of concrete.

Keywords: Mathematical model, water cement ratios, Porosity and Tensile Strength

INTRODUCTION

It has been obvious that reduction of porosity in a solid material definitely increases its strength in general; it also noted that the strength of cement-based materials in precisely, it has been observed long ago [1–3]. This was discovered from studies that porosity has a significant role resistance frost of concrete [4–6]. Furthermore, porosity has been noted to play tremendous role in the relationship between mechanical properties of concrete, these include compressive strength-modulus of elasticity relationship [7, 19–21]. The practical importance of durability of cement-based materials. This never mean that there is no efforts have made for the development of quantitative relationships between strength and porosity, rather these efforts have been sporadic [8–10] and the outcome have less than satisfactory. [16, 20–22].

Even though these problems has been solved, but the connection between the porosity and strength has been established. The effect of porosity on the strength of cement-based material has already been evaluated and examined. The pore structure of cement-based materials has observed to predominantly dominates topic [2,11–14]. While that of experimentally measurement is relevant porosity parameter which has proven to be extremely not easy in cement-based materials, this due to special character of the hydration products formed [15, 23]. An empirical approach, concept applied Powers [11, 24] was able to deduce an equation which establish a relationship with compressive strength of mortar cubes base on the function of the gel space ratio. Schiller [17] applying a theoretical approach deduced an equation relates the strength of material to that of porosity. He used this equation to experimental data on gypsum plasters and

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obtained a good fit on that of compressive and tensile strengths. This concept generated some excellent reviews [18–20, 25] of the effect of porosity on the strength of concrete presented some of the more important empirical and theoretical equation for relating strength to porosity.

THEORETICAL BACKGROUND

$$\frac{dc}{dX} + A_{(x)}C_{(d)} = K_{(x)}C_d^n; n \geq 2 \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Let } \beta = C_d^{1-n}$$

$$\frac{d\beta}{dX} = (1-n)C_d^{-n} \frac{dc}{dX} \quad (2)$$

$$C_d^{-n} \frac{dc}{dy} = \left(\frac{1}{1-n} \right) \frac{d\beta}{dX} \quad (3)$$

$$\text{But } \beta = C_d^{1-n}$$

$$C_d^{1-n} = 2D \exp\left[(2n-2) \int K_{(x)} dx\right] \quad (4)$$

$$C_d^{1-n} = D \exp\left[(2n-2)K_{(x)} X\right] \quad (5)$$

MATERIAL AND METHOD

Apparatus Required

- Weights and weighing device.
- Tools, containers and pans for carrying materials & mixing.
- A circular cross-sectional rod ($\phi 16\text{mm}$ & 600mm length).
- Testing machine.
- Three cylinders, ($\phi 150\text{mm}$ & 300mm in height).
- A jig for aligning concrete cylinder and bearing strips

Prepare three cylindrical concrete specimens following same steps as test No.32.

- After moulding and curing the specimens for seven days in water, they can be tested.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table1. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Curing Age	Predictive Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.23]	Experimental Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.23]
7	0.645788117	0.595
8	0.738043562	0.68
9	0.830299007	0.765
10	0.922554452	0.85
11	1.014809898	0.935
12	1.107065343	1.02
13	1.199320788	1.105
14	1.291576233	1.19
15	1.383831679	1.275
16	1.476087124	1.36

- Two bearings strips of nominal (1/8 in i.e 3.175mm) thick plywood, free of imperfections, approximately (25mm) wide, and of length equal to or slightly longer than that of the specimen should be provided for each specimen.
- The bearing strips are placed between the specimen and both upper and lower bearing blocks of the testing machine or between the specimen and the supplemental bars or plates.
- Draw diametric lines each end of the specimen using a suitable device that will ensure that they are in the same axial plane. Centre one of the plywood strips along the Centre of the lower bearing block.
- Place the specimen on the plywood strip and align so that the lines marked on the ends of the specimen are vertical and centered over the plywood strip.
- Place a second plywood strip lengthwise on the cylinder, centered on the lines marked on the ends of the cylinder.
- Apply the load continuously and without shock, at a constant rate within, the range of 689 to 1380, kPa/min splitting tensile stress until failure of the specimen.
- Record the maximum applied load indicated by the testing machine at failure. Note the type of failure and appearance of fracture.

Observations and Calculations

Calculate the splitting tensile strength of the specimen as follows: $T = 2P/Ld$

Where: T: splitting tensile strength, N/mm²; P: maximum applied load indicated by testing machine, NL: Length of the specimen, mmd; diameter of the specimen, mm

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17	1.568342569	1.445
18	1.660598014	1.53
19	1.752853459	1.615
20	1.845108905	1.7
21	1.93736435	1.785
22	2.029619795	1.87
23	2.12187524	1.955
24	2.214130686	2.04
25	2.306386131	2.125
26	2.398641576	2.21
27	2.490897021	2.295
28	2.583152467	2.38
29	2.675407912	2.465
30	2.767663357	2.55
31	2.859918802	2.635
32	2.952174247	2.72
33	3.044429693	2.805
34	3.136685138	2.89
35	3.228940583	2.975
36	3.321196028	3.06
37	3.413451474	3.145
38	3.505706919	3.23
39	3.597962364	3.315
40	3.690217809	3.4
41	3.782473255	3.485
42	3.8747287	3.57
43	3.966984145	3.655
44	4.05923959	3.74
45	4.151495036	3.825
46	4.243750481	3.91
47	4.336005926	3.995
48	4.428261371	4.08
49	4.520516816	4.165
50	4.612772262	4.25
51	4.705027707	4.335
52	4.797283152	4.42
53	4.889538597	4.505
54	4.981794043	4.59
55	5.074049488	4.675
56	5.166304933	4.76
57	5.258560378	4.845
58	5.350815824	4.93
59	5.443071269	5.015
60	5.535326714	5.1
61	5.627582159	5.185
62	5.719837605	5.27
63	5.81209305	5.355
64	5.904348495	5.44
65	5.99660394	5.525
66	6.088859385	5.61
67	6.181114831	5.695
68	6.273370276	5.78
69	6.365625721	5.865
70	6.457881166	5.95
71	6.550136612	6.035
72	6.642392057	6.12
73	6.734647502	6.205
74	6.826902947	6.29
75	6.919158393	6.375

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76	7.011413838	6.46
77	7.103669283	6.545
78	7.195924728	6.63
79	7.288180173	6.715
80	7.380435619	6.8
81	7.472691064	6.885
82	7.564946509	6.97
83	7.657201954	7.055
84	7.7494574	7.14
85	7.841712845	7.225
86	7.93396829	7.31
87	8.026223735	7.395
88	8.118479181	7.48
89	8.210734626	7.565
90	8.302990071	7.65

Table2. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Curing Age	Predictive Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.25]	Experimental Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.25]
7	0.620466402	0.574
8	0.70910446	0.656
9	0.797742517	0.738
10	0.886380575	0.82
11	0.975018632	0.902
12	1.06365669	0.984
13	1.152294747	1.066
14	1.240932805	1.148
15	1.329570862	1.23
16	1.41820892	1.312
17	1.506846977	1.394
18	1.595485035	1.476
19	1.684123092	1.558
20	1.77276115	1.64
21	1.861399207	1.722
22	1.950037265	1.804
23	2.038675322	1.886
24	2.12731338	1.968
25	2.215951437	2.05
26	2.304589495	2.132
27	2.393227552	2.214
28	2.48186561	2.296
29	2.570503667	2.378
30	2.659141725	2.46
31	2.747779782	2.542
32	2.83641784	2.624
33	2.925055897	2.706
34	3.013693954	2.788
35	3.102332012	2.87
36	3.190970069	2.952
37	3.279608127	3.034
38	3.368246184	3.116
39	3.456884242	3.198
40	3.545522299	3.28
41	3.634160357	3.362
42	3.722798414	3.444
43	3.811436472	3.526
44	3.900074529	3.608
45	3.988712587	3.69
46	4.077350644	3.772

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47	4.165988702	3.854
48	4.254626759	3.936
49	4.343264817	4.018
50	4.431902874	4.1
51	4.520540932	4.182
52	4.609178989	4.264
53	4.697817047	4.346
54	4.786455104	4.428
55	4.875093162	4.51
56	4.963731219	4.592
57	5.052369277	4.674
58	5.141007334	4.756
59	5.229645392	4.838
60	5.318283449	4.92
61	5.406921507	5.002
62	5.495559564	5.084
63	5.584197622	5.166
64	5.672835679	5.248
65	5.761473737	5.33
66	5.850111794	5.412
67	5.938749851	5.494
68	6.027387909	5.576
69	6.116025966	5.658
70	6.204664024	5.74
71	6.293302081	5.822
72	6.381940139	5.904
73	6.470578196	5.986
74	6.559216254	6.068
75	6.647854311	6.15
76	6.736492369	6.232
77	6.825130426	6.314
78	6.913768484	6.396
79	7.002406541	6.478
80	7.091044599	6.56
81	7.179682656	6.642
82	7.268320714	6.724
83	7.356958771	6.806
84	7.445596829	6.888
85	7.534234886	6.97
86	7.622872944	7.052
87	7.711511001	7.134
88	7.800149059	7.216
89	7.888787116	7.298
90	7.977425174	7.38

Table3. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Curing Age	Predictive Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.27]	Experimental Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.27]
7	0.596137567	0.49
8	0.681300076	0.56
9	0.766462586	0.63
10	0.851625095	0.7
11	0.936787605	0.77
12	1.021950114	0.84
13	1.107112624	0.91
14	1.192275134	0.98
15	1.277437643	1.05
16	1.362600153	1.12
17	1.447762662	1.19

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18	1.532925172	1.26
19	1.618087681	1.33
20	1.703250191	1.4
21	1.7884127	1.47
22	1.87357521	1.54
23	1.958737719	1.61
24	2.043900229	1.68
25	2.129062738	1.75
26	2.214225248	1.82
27	2.299387758	1.89
28	2.384550267	1.96
29	2.469712777	2.03
30	2.554875286	2.1
31	2.640037796	2.17
32	2.725200305	2.24
33	2.810362815	2.31
34	2.895525324	2.38
35	2.980687834	2.45
36	3.065850343	2.52
37	3.151012853	2.59
38	3.236175362	2.66
39	3.321337872	2.73
40	3.406500382	2.8
41	3.491662891	2.87
42	3.576825401	2.94
43	3.66198791	3.01
44	3.74715042	3.08
45	3.832312929	3.15
46	3.917475439	3.22
47	4.002637948	3.29
48	4.087800458	3.36
49	4.172962967	3.43
50	4.258125477	3.5
51	4.343287986	3.57
52	4.428450496	3.64
53	4.513613006	3.71
54	4.598775515	3.78
55	4.683938025	3.85
56	4.769100534	3.92
57	4.854263044	3.99
58	4.939425553	4.06
59	5.024588063	4.13
60	5.109750572	4.2
61	5.194913082	4.27
62	5.280075591	4.34
63	5.365238101	4.41
64	5.45040061	4.48
65	5.53556312	4.55
66	5.62072563	4.62
67	5.705888139	4.69
68	5.791050649	4.76
69	5.876213158	4.83
70	5.961375668	4.9
71	6.046538177	4.97
72	6.131700687	5.04
73	6.216863196	5.11
74	6.302025706	5.18
75	6.387188215	5.25
76	6.472350725	5.32

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77	6.557513234	5.39
78	6.642675744	5.46
79	6.727838254	5.53
80	6.813000763	5.6
81	6.898163273	5.67
82	6.983325782	5.74
83	7.068488292	5.81
84	7.153650801	5.88
85	7.238813311	5.95
86	7.32397582	6.02
87	7.40913833	6.09
88	7.494300839	6.16
89	7.579463349	6.23
90	7.664625858	6.3

Table4. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Curing Age	Predictive Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.30]	Experimental Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.30]
7	0.561421218	0.455
8	0.641624249	0.52
9	0.72182728	0.585
10	0.802030311	0.65
11	0.882233342	0.715
12	0.962436373	0.78
13	1.042639404	0.845
14	1.122842435	0.91
15	1.203045466	0.975
16	1.283248497	1.04
17	1.363451528	1.105
18	1.443654559	1.17
19	1.52385759	1.235
20	1.604060621	1.3
21	1.684263653	1.365
22	1.764466684	1.43
23	1.844669715	1.495
24	1.924872746	1.56
25	2.005075777	1.625
26	2.085278808	1.69
27	2.165481839	1.755
28	2.24568487	1.82
29	2.325887901	1.885
30	2.406090932	1.95
31	2.486293963	2.015
32	2.566496994	2.08
33	2.646700025	2.145
34	2.726903057	2.21
35	2.807106088	2.275
36	2.887309119	2.34
37	2.96751215	2.405
38	3.047715181	2.47
39	3.127918212	2.535
40	3.208121243	2.6
41	3.288324274	2.665
42	3.368527305	2.73
43	3.448730336	2.795
44	3.528933367	2.86
45	3.609136398	2.925
46	3.689339429	2.99
47	3.769542461	3.055

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48	3.849745492	3.12
49	3.929948523	3.185
50	4.010151554	3.25
51	4.090354585	3.315
52	4.170557616	3.38
53	4.250760647	3.445
54	4.330963678	3.51
55	4.411166709	3.575
56	4.49136974	3.64
57	4.571572771	3.705
58	4.651775802	3.77
59	4.731978833	3.835
60	4.812181864	3.9
61	4.892384896	3.965
62	4.972587927	4.03
63	5.052790958	4.095
64	5.132993989	4.16
65	5.21319702	4.225
66	5.293400051	4.29
67	5.373603082	4.355
68	5.453806113	4.42
69	5.534009144	4.485
70	5.614212175	4.55
71	5.694415206	4.615
72	5.774618237	4.68
73	5.854821268	4.745
74	5.9350243	4.81
75	6.015227331	4.875
76	6.095430362	4.94
77	6.175633393	5.005
78	6.255836424	5.07
79	6.336039455	5.135
80	6.416242486	5.2
81	6.496445517	5.265
82	6.576648548	5.33
83	6.656851579	5.395
84	6.73705461	5.46
85	6.817257641	5.525
86	6.897460672	5.59
87	6.977663703	5.655
88	7.057866735	5.72
89	7.138069766	5.785
90	7.218272797	5.85

Table5. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Curing Age	Predictive Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.35]	Experimental Tensile Strength Variation of [W/C of 0.35]
7	0.507994925	0.462
8	0.580565628	0.528
9	0.653136332	0.594
10	0.725707036	0.66
11	0.798277739	0.726
12	0.870848443	0.792
13	0.943419146	0.858
14	1.01598985	0.924
15	1.088560553	0.99
16	1.161131257	1.056
17	1.23370196	1.122
18	1.306272664	1.188

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19	1.378843368	1.254
20	1.451414071	1.32
21	1.523984775	1.386
22	1.596555478	1.452
23	1.669126182	1.518
24	1.741696885	1.584
25	1.814267589	1.65
26	1.886838292	1.716
27	1.959408996	1.782
28	2.0319797	1.848
29	2.104550403	1.914
30	2.177121107	1.98
31	2.24969181	2.046
32	2.322262514	2.112
33	2.394833217	2.178
34	2.467403921	2.244
35	2.539974624	2.31
36	2.612545328	2.376
37	2.685116032	2.442
38	2.757686735	2.508
39	2.830257439	2.574
40	2.902828142	2.64
41	2.975398846	2.706
42	3.047969549	2.772
43	3.120540253	2.838
44	3.193110956	2.904
45	3.26568166	2.97
46	3.338252364	3.036
47	3.410823067	3.102
48	3.483393771	3.168
49	3.555964474	3.234
50	3.628535178	3.3
51	3.701105881	3.366
52	3.773676585	3.432
53	3.846247288	3.498
54	3.918817992	3.564
55	3.991388696	3.63
56	4.063959399	3.696
57	4.136530103	3.762
58	4.209100806	3.828
59	4.28167151	3.894
60	4.354242213	3.96
61	4.426812917	4.026
62	4.49938362	4.092
63	4.571954324	4.158
64	4.644525028	4.224
65	4.717095731	4.29
66	4.789666435	4.356
67	4.862237138	4.422
68	4.934807842	4.488
69	5.007378545	4.554
70	5.079949249	4.62
71	5.152519952	4.686
72	5.225090656	4.752
73	5.29766136	4.818
74	5.370232063	4.884
75	5.442802767	4.95
76	5.51537347	5.016
77	5.587944174	5.082

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78	5.660514877	5.148
79	5.733085581	5.214
80	5.805656284	5.28
81	5.878226988	5.346
82	5.950797692	5.412
83	6.023368395	5.478
84	6.095939099	5.544
85	6.168509802	5.61
86	6.241080506	5.676
87	6.313651209	5.742
88	6.386221913	5.808
89	6.458792616	5.874
90	6.53136332	5.94

Table6. Variation of Predictive Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Variation of W/C]	0.23	0.25	0.27	0.3	0.35
7fcu	0.645788117	0.6204664	0.596137567	0.561421218	0.507994925
8fcu	0.738043562	0.7091045	0.681300076	0.641624249	0.580565628
9fcu	0.830299007	0.7977425	0.766462586	0.72182728	0.653136332
10fcu	0.922554452	0.8863806	0.851625095	0.802030311	0.725707036
11fcu	1.014809898	0.9750186	0.936787605	0.882233342	0.798277739
12fcu	1.107065343	1.0636567	1.021950114	0.962436373	0.870848443
13fcu	1.199320788	1.1522947	1.107112624	1.042639404	0.943419146
14fcu	1.291576233	1.2409328	1.192275134	1.122842435	1.01598985
15fcu	1.383831679	1.3295709	1.277437643	1.203045466	1.088560553
16fcu	1.476087124	1.4182089	1.362600153	1.283248497	1.161131257
17fcu	1.568342569	1.506847	1.447762662	1.363451528	1.23370196
18fcu	1.660598014	1.595485	1.532925172	1.443654559	1.306272664
19fcu	1.752853459	1.6841231	1.618087681	1.52385759	1.378843368
20fcu	1.845108905	1.7727612	1.703250191	1.604060621	1.451414071
21fcu	1.93736435	1.8613992	1.7884127	1.684263653	1.523984775
22fcu	2.029619795	1.9500373	1.87357521	1.764466684	1.596555478
23fcu	2.12187524	2.0386753	1.958737719	1.844669715	1.669126182
24fcu	2.214130686	2.1273134	2.043900229	1.924872746	1.741696885
25fcu	2.306386131	2.2159514	2.129062738	2.005075777	1.814267589
26fcu	2.398641576	2.3045895	2.214225248	2.085278808	1.886838292
27fcu	2.490897021	2.3932276	2.299387758	2.165481839	1.959408996
28fcu	2.583152467	2.4818656	2.384550267	2.24568487	2.0319797
29fcu	2.675407912	2.5705037	2.469712777	2.325887901	2.104550403
30fcu	2.767663357	2.6591417	2.554875286	2.406090932	2.177121107
31fcu	2.859918802	2.7477798	2.640037796	2.486293963	2.24969181
32fcu	2.952174247	2.8364178	2.725200305	2.566496994	2.322262514
33fcu	3.044429693	2.9250559	2.810362815	2.646700025	2.394833217
34fcu	3.136685138	3.013694	2.895525324	2.726903057	2.467403921
35fcu	3.228940583	3.102332	2.980687834	2.807106088	2.539974624
36fcu	3.321196028	3.1909701	3.065850343	2.887309119	2.612545328
37fcu	3.413451474	3.2796081	3.151012853	2.96751215	2.685116032
38fcu	3.505706919	3.3682462	3.236175362	3.047715181	2.757686735
39fcu	3.597962364	3.4568842	3.321337872	3.127918212	2.830257439
40fcu	3.690217809	3.5455223	3.406500382	3.208121243	2.902828142
41fcu	3.782473255	3.6341604	3.491662891	3.288324274	2.975398846
42fcu	3.8747287	3.7227984	3.576825401	3.368527305	3.047969549
43fcu	3.966984145	3.8114365	3.66198791	3.448730336	3.120540253
44fcu	4.05923959	3.9000745	3.74715042	3.528933367	3.193110956
45fcu	4.151495036	3.9887126	3.832312929	3.609136398	3.26568166
46fcu	4.243750481	4.0773506	3.917475439	3.689339429	3.338252364
47fcu	4.336005926	4.1659887	4.002637948	3.769542461	3.410823067
48fcu	4.428261371	4.2546268	4.087800458	3.849745492	3.483393771
49fcu	4.520516816	4.3432648	4.172962967	3.929948523	3.555964474

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50fcu	4.612772262	4.4319029	4.258125477	4.010151554	3.628535178
51fcu	4.705027707	4.5205409	4.343287986	4.090354585	3.701105881
52fcu	4.797283152	4.609179	4.428450496	4.170557616	3.773676585
53fcu	4.889538597	4.697817	4.513613006	4.250760647	3.846247288
54fcu	4.981794043	4.7864551	4.598775515	4.330963678	3.918817992
55fcu	5.074049488	4.8750932	4.683938025	4.411166709	3.991388696
56fcu	5.166304933	4.9637312	4.769100534	4.49136974	4.063959399
57fcu	5.258560378	5.0523693	4.854263044	4.571572771	4.136530103
58fcu	5.350815824	5.1410073	4.939425553	4.651775802	4.209100806
59fcu	5.443071269	5.2296454	5.024588063	4.731978833	4.28167151
60fcu	5.535326714	5.3182834	5.109750572	4.812181864	4.354242213
61fcu	5.627582159	5.4069215	5.194913082	4.892384896	4.426812917
62fcu	5.719837605	5.4955596	5.280075591	4.972587927	4.49938362
63fcu	5.81209305	5.5841976	5.365238101	5.052790958	4.571954324
64fcu	5.904348495	5.6728357	5.45040061	5.132993989	4.644525028
65fcu	5.99660394	5.7614737	5.53556312	5.21319702	4.717095731
66fcu	6.088859385	5.8501118	5.62072563	5.293400051	4.789666435
67fcu	6.181114831	5.9387499	5.705888139	5.373603082	4.862237138
68fcu	6.273370276	6.0273879	5.791050649	5.453806113	4.934807842
69fcu	6.365625721	6.116026	5.876213158	5.534009144	5.007378545
70fcu	6.457881166	6.204664	5.961375668	5.614212175	5.079949249
71fcu	6.550136612	6.2933021	6.046538177	5.694415206	5.152519952
72fcu	6.642392057	6.3819401	6.131700687	5.774618237	5.225090656
73fcu	6.734647502	6.4705782	6.216863196	5.854821268	5.29766136
74fcu	6.826902947	6.5592163	6.302025706	5.9350243	5.370232063
75fcu	6.919158393	6.6478543	6.387188215	6.015227331	5.442802767
76fcu	7.011413838	6.7364924	6.472350725	6.095430362	5.51537347
77fcu	7.103669283	6.8251304	6.557513234	6.175633393	5.587944174
78fcu	7.195924728	6.9137685	6.642675744	6.255836424	5.660514877
79fcu	7.288180173	7.0024065	6.727838254	6.336039455	5.733085581
80fcu	7.380435619	7.0910446	6.813000763	6.416242486	5.805656284
81fcu	7.472691064	7.1796827	6.898163273	6.496445517	5.878226988
82fcu	7.564946509	7.2683207	6.983325782	6.576648548	5.950797692
83fcu	7.657201954	7.3569588	7.068488292	6.656851579	6.023368395
84fcu	7.7494574	7.4455968	7.153650801	6.73705461	6.095939099
85fcu	7.841712845	7.5342349	7.238813311	6.817257641	6.168509802
86fcu	7.93396829	7.6228729	7.32397582	6.897460672	6.241080506
87fcu	8.026223735	7.711511	7.40913833	6.977663703	6.313651209
88fcu	8.118479181	7.8001491	7.494300839	7.057866735	6.386221913
89fcu	8.210734626	7.8887871	7.579463349	7.138069766	6.458792616
fcu90	8.302990071	7.9774252	7.664625858	7.218272797	6.53136332

Table7. Variation of Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Variation of W/C]	0.23	0.25	0.27	0.3	0.35
7fcu	0.595	0.574	0.49	0.462	0.455
8fcu	0.68	0.656	0.56	0.528	0.52
9fcu	0.765	0.738	0.63	0.594	0.585
10fcu	0.85	0.82	0.7	0.66	0.65
11fcu	0.935	0.902	0.77	0.726	0.715
12fcu	1.02	0.984	0.84	0.792	0.78
13fcu	1.105	1.066	0.91	0.858	0.845
14fcu	1.19	1.148	0.98	0.924	0.91
15fcu	1.275	1.23	1.05	0.99	0.975
16fcu	1.36	1.312	1.12	1.056	1.04
17fcu	1.445	1.394	1.19	1.122	1.105
18fcu	1.53	1.476	1.26	1.188	1.17
19fcu	1.615	1.558	1.33	1.254	1.235
20fcu	1.7	1.64	1.4	1.32	1.3
21fcu	1.785	1.722	1.47	1.386	1.365

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22fcu	1.87	1.804	1.54	1.452	1.43
23fcu	1.955	1.886	1.61	1.518	1.495
24fcu	2.04	1.968	1.68	1.584	1.56
25fcu	2.125	2.05	1.75	1.65	1.625
26fcu	2.21	2.132	1.82	1.716	1.69
27fcu	2.295	2.214	1.89	1.782	1.755
28fcu	2.38	2.296	1.96	1.848	1.82
29fcu	2.465	2.378	2.03	1.914	1.885
30fcu	2.55	2.46	2.1	1.98	1.95
31fcu	2.635	2.542	2.17	2.046	2.015
32fcu	2.72	2.624	2.24	2.112	2.08
33fcu	2.805	2.706	2.31	2.178	2.145
34fcu	2.89	2.788	2.38	2.244	2.21
35fcu	2.975	2.87	2.45	2.31	2.275
36fcu	3.06	2.952	2.52	2.376	2.34
37fcu	3.145	3.034	2.59	2.442	2.405
38fcu	3.23	3.116	2.66	2.508	2.47
39fcu	3.315	3.198	2.73	2.574	2.535
40fcu	3.4	3.28	2.8	2.64	2.6
41fcu	3.485	3.362	2.87	2.706	2.665
42fcu	3.57	3.444	2.94	2.772	2.73
43fcu	3.655	3.526	3.01	2.838	2.795
44fcu	3.74	3.608	3.08	2.904	2.86
45fcu	3.825	3.69	3.15	2.97	2.925
46fcu	3.91	3.772	3.22	3.036	2.99
47fcu	3.995	3.854	3.29	3.102	3.055
48fcu	4.08	3.936	3.36	3.168	3.12
49fcu	4.165	4.018	3.43	3.234	3.185
50fcu	4.25	4.1	3.5	3.3	3.25
51fcu	4.335	4.182	3.57	3.366	3.315
52fcu	4.42	4.264	3.64	3.432	3.38
53fcu	4.505	4.346	3.71	3.498	3.445
54fcu	4.59	4.428	3.78	3.564	3.51
55fcu	4.675	4.51	3.85	3.63	3.575
56fcu	4.76	4.592	3.92	3.696	3.64
57fcu	4.845	4.674	3.99	3.762	3.705
58fcu	4.93	4.756	4.06	3.828	3.77
59fcu	5.015	4.838	4.13	3.894	3.835
60fcu	5.1	4.92	4.2	3.96	3.9
61fcu	5.185	5.002	4.27	4.026	3.965
62fcu	5.27	5.084	4.34	4.092	4.03
63fcu	5.355	5.166	4.41	4.158	4.095
64fcu	5.44	5.248	4.48	4.224	4.16
65fcu	5.525	5.33	4.55	4.29	4.225
66fcu	5.61	5.412	4.62	4.356	4.29
67fcu	5.695	5.494	4.69	4.422	4.355
68fcu	5.78	5.576	4.76	4.488	4.42
69fcu	5.865	5.658	4.83	4.554	4.485
70fcu	5.95	5.74	4.9	4.62	4.55
71fcu	6.035	5.822	4.97	4.686	4.615
72fcu	6.12	5.904	5.04	4.752	4.68
73fcu	6.205	5.986	5.11	4.818	4.745
74fcu	6.29	6.068	5.18	4.884	4.81
75fcu	6.375	6.15	5.25	4.95	4.875
76fcu	6.46	6.232	5.32	5.016	4.94
77fcu	6.545	6.314	5.39	5.082	5.005
78fcu	6.63	6.396	5.46	5.148	5.07
79fcu	6.715	6.478	5.53	5.214	5.135
80fcu	6.8	6.56	5.6	5.28	5.2

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81fcu	6.885	6.642	5.67	5.346	5.265
82fcu	6.97	6.724	5.74	5.412	5.33
83fcu	7.055	6.806	5.81	5.478	5.395
84fcu	7.14	6.888	5.88	5.544	5.46
85fcu	7.225	6.97	5.95	5.61	5.525
86fcu	7.31	7.052	6.02	5.676	5.59
87fcu	7.395	7.134	6.09	5.742	5.655
88fcu	7.48	7.216	6.16	5.808	5.72
89fcu	7.565	7.298	6.23	5.874	5.785
90fcu	7.65	7.38	6.3	5.94	5.85

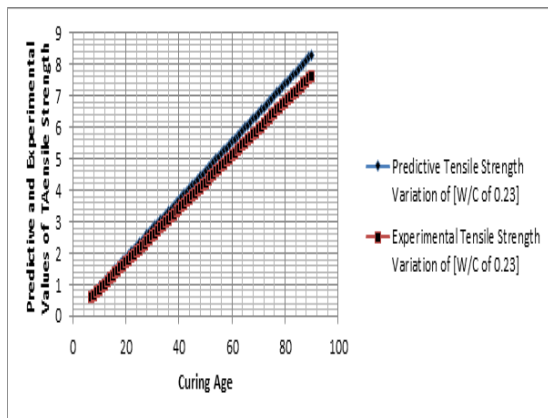


Figure1. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

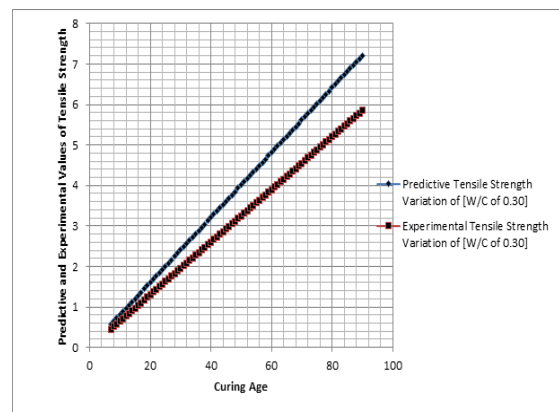


Figure4. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

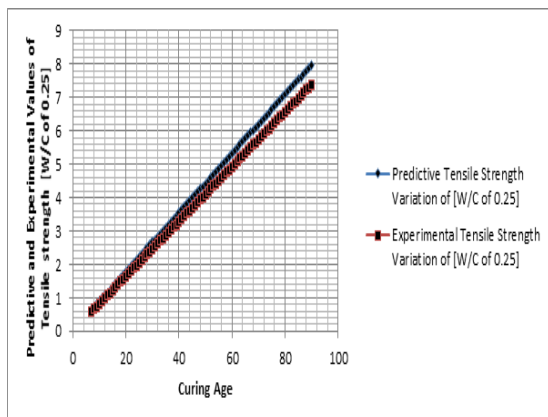


Figure2. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

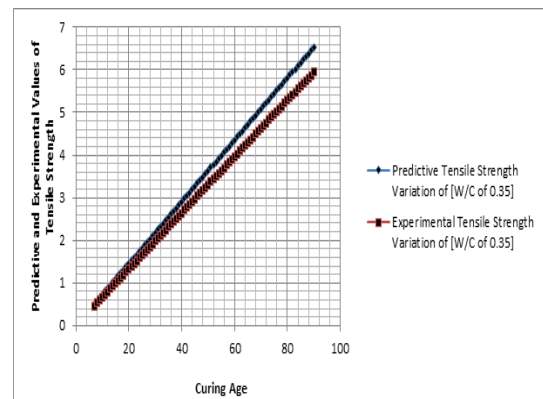


Figure5. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

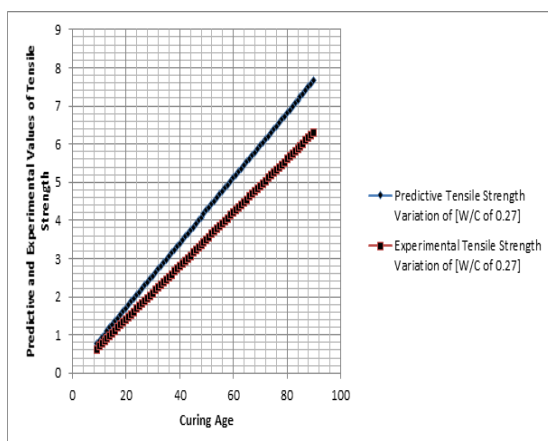


Figure3. Predictive and Experimental Value of Split Tensile Techniques at Different Curing Age

Figure one to five explained the rapid exponential rate on tensile strength of concrete model linearly progress to the optimum level at ninety days of curing, the study has observed the behaviour of the concrete tensile, the development are basically noted in the exponential level it displayed on the variation of strength development in all the figures. Tensile strength are known to experienced its increase as the compressive strength develop increase based on the designed mix proportion, therefore the strength is proportional to the square root of compressive strength, when steel or glass fibers are added to the concrete mix, this shows the values of influence it has on tensile strength, these are experienced on progressive state of the tensile in all the figures, The more the hardness

gets, the more brittle the material becomes. These are observed in the exponential rate of tensile strength through graphically representation. More so, the brittle of the materials definitely show a very low tensile stress. So, Materials with high hardness cannot show a high amount of tensile stress. Therefore, measurement of hardness and Tensile strength requires the application of loading. The growth rate of the model designed concrete mix explained the tensile strength ability to withstand tensile loads without failure, the progressive rate of the tensile strength in the figures also shows the ductility on the other hand that calibrated the material ability to deform under tensile stresses, the behaviour of the tensile strength from the designed concrete grades shows the important factor of it, the material that generated the growth rate of tensile variations were developed through derived predictive values, the generated simulation parameters were compared with experimental values, and both parameters developed best fits correlation.

CONCLUSION

Monitoring of tensile strength of concrete were carried to examine the reflection of concrete characteristics such as porosity and water cement ratios in the designed model concrete, the grades of concrete including additives are considered to improve the tensile of the material generated from simulation. The study tend to evaluate the potential significant of water cement ratios and concrete porosities in different mixed proportions, such process were carried out to examined there level of relationship on its mechanical properties, the study expressed the concept to establish the significant porosity and water cement ratios variation in concrete model grades, through modeling and simulation. It is noted that in experimental process, the level of relationship between these two parameters are normally not observed, therefore it is imperative that tensile strength of concrete model designed should evaluated various rates of effect on every concrete properties, so that the level of display can be determine on the development of any concrete grades. Tensile strength of concrete experienced increase by increasing its compressive strength, because tensile is proportional to the square root of compressive strength, this implies that the mechanical properties of concrete reflect its behaviour based on the effect observed from the study, it is also observed that the compressive /tensile strength ratio decreases with increase in porosity. That is why the compressive, flexural and splitting tensile strength of cement mortar are

calibrated to determined there level of effect in terms of its porosity, because the ratio decreases with increase in porosity values of cement mortar. The tensile growth rate from the study also maintained the required behaviour of the material whereby the reduction in water/cement ratio leads to an increase in strength of concrete. Therefore, from the study it is observed that for a given workability, an increase in the cement content results are an increase in strength of concrete. The simulation express the behaviour of the tensile material based on these facts that concrete strength is affected by many factors, such as quality of raw materials, water/cement ratio, coarse/fine aggregate ratio, age of concrete, compaction of concrete, temperature, relative humidity and curing of concrete, the derived model simulation monitor these parameters based on these factors to determined the influence from these variables on the variations of tensile growth rates.

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